

The Florida Senate

Interim Project Report 2000-78

September 1999

Committee on Fiscal Policy

Senator Roberto Casas, Chairman

CONDUCT REVIEW OF PUBLIC RECORDS MODERNIZATION TRUST FUND

SUMMARY

The Public Records Modernization Trust Fund was created for use of court clerks to modernize their records systems. An additional service charge for specified instrument filings was provided as a dedicated revenue source. The clerks are required to file a report with the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives detailing receipts to and expenditures from the trust fund by December 1, 1999. The trust fund is scheduled for repeal in November 2000 and must be reviewed by the Legislature prior to that date.

Based on FY 1994-95 data and projections for FYs 1995-96 through FY 1998-99, there is a continuing need for a source of funding. However, these funds could be provided for through the Uniform Chart of Accounts instead of a dedicated trust fund.

BACKGROUND

Section 28.24, Florida Statutes requires that an additional service charge be paid to the clerks of the circuit court for modernizing the public records system of the individual offices. For each of the instruments required to be filed with the clerk (except judgments and notices of *lis pendens*) the service charge is \$1.00 for the first page and \$.50 for each additional page.

The fees collected by the clerks are deposited in the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund (PRMTF) which is to be used "...exclusively for equipment and maintenance of equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing the public records system of the office." In those counties where the duty of maintaining official records exists in an office

other than the clerk, the clerk is entitled to retain 25 percent of the of funds deposited in the trust fund.

The clerks are required to file reports on the status of the trust fund, itemizing expenditures made from the trust fund and the percentage of funds expended for equipment, maintenance of equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance. The last report was filed as required by December 1, 1995 and the next report is due no later than December 1, 1999. By law, the authorization for the PRMTF expires on November 4, 2000, and is scheduled for legislative review prior to that date.

METHODOLOGY

The Florida Association of Court Clerks is currently in the process of surveying its members to determine the receipts and expenditures to and from the trust fund since the last report in preparation of submission by the December 1, 1999 deadline. This report reviews the data from the 1995 report along with relevant statutes and the Uniform Chart of Account provisions.

FINDINGS

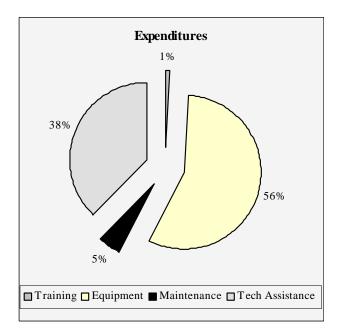
Statewide, the ending balance from Fiscal Year 1993-94 carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year was \$21.7 million. As might be expected, the range is quite large - from zero in several counties to \$2.4 million in Hillsborough County.

For Fiscal Year 1994-95 (the last year for which actual data are provided, the PRMTF data show that counties in total collected \$7.9 million - ranging from \$2,173 in Liberty County to over \$880,000 in Broward County. Expenditures follow a similar

pattern - ranging from no expenditures in several counties to \$2.7 million in Miami-Dade County.

Statewide Fiscal Year 1994-95 expenditures and encumbrances exceeded the amount collected in that year by approximately \$1.1 million, drawing down the available balance. Since the statutory provisions have the effect of limiting expenditures to non-recurring expenditures, this is not problematic.

If the projected revenues and expenditures materialize, however, that could be problematic for the solvency of the trust fund. Based on the December 1995 report, projected expenditures will exceed the available resources by approximately \$12.1 million. Obviously, since the expenditures are discretionary in nature and probably reflect the clerks' desires as well as needs, no deficit of this magnitude will materialize. However, this does indicate that there may be a continuing need for a dedicated funding source to support modernization of clerks' record systems.



The need for a dedicated funding source, however, does not necessarily mean that a dedicated trust fund is necessary to account for receipts and expenditures. It is unknown at this time whether the individual clerks' offices are coding all receipts to and

Table

	Table 1			
	93-94 Bal	94-95 Rev	94-95 Exp	
Alachua	422,978	78,216	368,490	
Baker	7,110	6,686	400	
Вау	46,360	64,455	55,162	
Bradford	(7,770)		252 120	
Brevard	715,132	234,385	352,139	
Broward	2,310,937	880,780	553,481	
Calhoun Charlotte	5,158	4,554 73,143	73,143	
Citrus	114,545	54,779	122,678	
Clay	66,754	55,007	67,382	
Collier	579,377	205,100	28,959	
Colum bia	11,063	28,134	6,268	
M iam i-Dade	2,118,854	869,266	2,674,474	
Desoto	17,527	11,060	22,334	
Dixie	13,268	5,950	11,706	
Duval	724,876	315,664	521,408	
Escam bia	232,491	126,717	147,596	
Flagler	46,878	27,754	19,214	
Franklin	4,172	10,840	7,400	
Gadsden	12,081	14,025	14 262	
Gilchrist Glades	10,372 5,788	6,069 3,883	14,362 3,895	
Gulf	29,858	5,885 6,119	3,073	
Hamilton	7,533	4,037	5,200	
Hardee	33,084	11,639	3,096	
Hendry	29,454	13,042	26,742	
Hernando	135,818	64,627	50,269	
Highlands	297,318	48,862	178,706	
Hillsborough	2,433,430	518,560	394,645	
Holmes	18,912	5,543		
Indian River	307,693	68,461	93,576	
Jackson	33,663	15,577		
Jefferson	20,170	4,866	6,715	
Lafayette	4,400	6,867	1,495	
Lake Lee	417,710	116,569	16,209	
Leen	273,838 454,934	254,592 126,723	322,474 110,689	
Levy	30,212	18,684	36,900	
Liberty	11,793	2,173	8,738	
Madison	14,742	6,244	1,216	
M anatee	626,467	155,989	129,612	
M arion	470,022	134,702	23	
M artin	124,324	66,099	92,365	
Monroe	276,300	75,789	53,058	
Nassau	110,654	23,904		
Okaloosa	228,961	80,470		
Okeechobee	29,054	15,522	46,935	
Orange	1,611,328	520,272	78,069	
O secola	213,116	137,749	241,615	
Palm Beach Pasco	1,573,042 407,349	585,609 150,216	679,939 393,456	
Pinellas	812,382	440,204	265,249	
Polk	1,060,780	232,149	268,587	
Putnam	11,366	28,574	,	
St. Johns	31,074	101,764	48,653	
St. Lucie	113,641	93,043	26,006	
Santa Rosa		59,372	59,372	
Sarasota	757,338	214,217	14,119	
Seminole	736,502	153,615	87,204	
Sumter	35,766	17,389	20,454	
Suwannee	12,270	16,463	21,609	
Taylor	24,871	6,434	4,827	
Union	205 924	3,423	215 000	
Volusia Wakulla	385,824 18,852	202,808 15,016	215,090 26,313	
W alton	11,357	32,446	20,313	
W ashington	34.491	8.369		
TOTAL	21,729,244	7,946,165	9,079,715	
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expenditures from the PRMTF similarly and accurately. However, the Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCA)¹ is a means to maintain accountability of receipts and expenditures for public records modernization without the use of a dedicated trust fund. Use of the UCA would require that the fees be deposited in another fund available to the clerks. Additionally, in order to maintain accountability and fulfill the reporting requirements for state purposes, each clerk will have to record all financial data in the same way.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Assuming that actual receipts and expenditure data to be included in the December 1, 1999 report indicate a continuing high level of activity for public records modernization, the dedicated fee should not be abolished.
- The Public Records Modernization Trust Fund be abolished and the Florida Association of Court Clerks should provide training to its members so that revenues and expenditures related to public records modernization are coded in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Chart of Accounts.
- During the 1995 Legislative Session, Chapter 95-400, Laws of Florida, was passed creating a Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCA) to account for and report financial data for circuit and county courts and justice-related agencies of the executive branch.

COMMITTEE(S) INVOLVED IN REPORT (Contact first committee for more information.)

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